

# PMPR 12.2025

POINT MENSUEL DES PAYS À RISQUES

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THE SSF MONTHLY REPORT ON HIGH-RISK COUNTRIES

Summary of alerts – Countries to monitor –  
Calendar

# Focal points in November

**Southeast and South Asia** **Massive flooding and landslides in Indonesia, Thailand (south), Malaysia (north) and Sri Lanka** (completely devastated by **Cyclone Ditwah**): at least 1,338 dead, several hundred missing and millions of inhabitants affected. Indonesia (Sumatra) and Sri Lanka were the worst affected, with infrastructure destroyed, power and water cuts, and population displacement due to the heaviest monsoon rains since 2012, particularly in Sri Lanka.

**Guinea-Bissau** **Military coup in Bissau (26 November)** amid political tension over the 23 November general election: publication of results suspended, borders temporarily closed, national curfew imposed and members of the opposition arrested, including **President Umaro Sissoco Embaló** (who has since gone into exile), but without widespread violence. **General Horta N'Tam** appointed to lead a one-year transition period, formation of a new government (28 November). Country suspended from the African Union and ECOWAS.

**Nigeria** **Security emergency** declared 26 November after more than **350 people were kidnapped in ten days** in the **centre** and **northwest** of the country, amid renewed attacks on places of worship, schools and the security forces. Redeployment and reinforcement of the security apparatus (north and centre). For the **first time**, **JNIM** claimed responsibility for an **attack** in Nigeria, targeting an army checkpoint in Kaiama-Nuku (Kwara State, on the border with Benin), signalling a possible expansion of its area of action.

**Mali** **Ongoing sharp deterioration in security** amid **fuel blockade** imposed by **JNIM** since September, stepped up 19 October. Extremely fragile improvement in fuel supply in **Bamako** made possible by arrival of escorted convoys, while electricity remains heavily rationed in the capital. At least **22 foreigners kidnapped in the south between May and October**, mainly at industrial and mining sites, with some being released in exchange for ransoms. Several deadly attacks targeting civilians, particularly in the Timbuktu region (Léré) and around Ségou. **French diplomatic authorities** advised their nationals to **make arrangements to leave Mali temporarily as soon as possible** on available commercial flights (7 November).

## November Spotlight



Decline



Improvement

Cambodia/Thailand  
Guinea-Bissau  
India  
Lebanon  
Nigeria  
Sri Lanka

## Countries to monitor in December

- Tanzania** **5 to 9 December**: anti-government demonstrations in Dar es Salaam and Independence Day celebrations (9 December), which have been cancelled due to the announcement of a large opposition rally – High risk of unrest.
- Ivory Coast** **8 and 27 December**: President Alassane Ouattara to be sworn in (8 December) and legislative elections (27 December) - Increased security expected, risk of tension.
- Chile** **14 December**: second round of the presidential election.
- Guinea** **28 December**: presidential elections.
- Kosovo** **28 December**: early legislative elections.

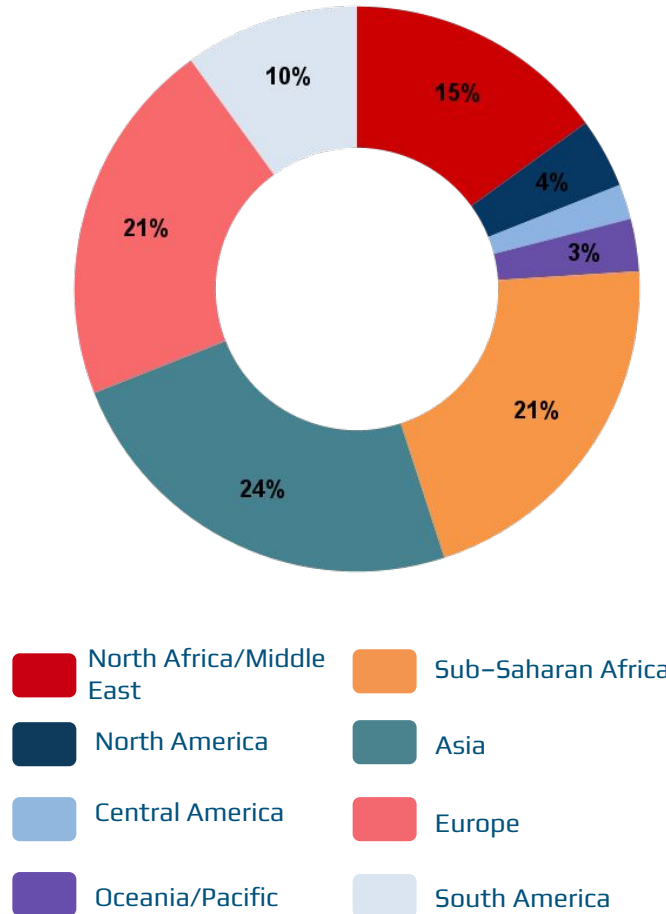
# Summary of Alerts

+ 908 alerts  
+ 66 classified critical or urgent

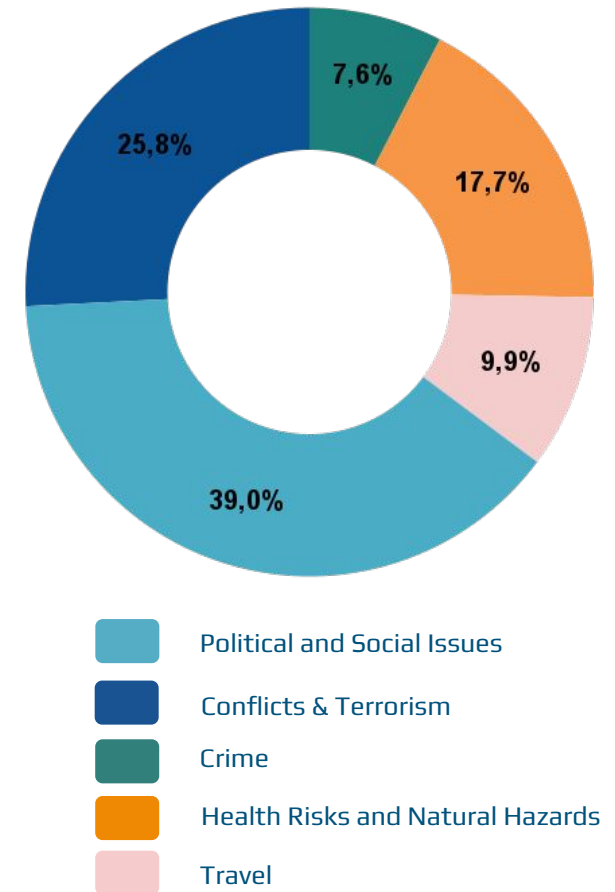
In November 2025, SSF issued a total of **908 safety–security alerts** concerning all kinds of risks in order to inform its customers of the latest events likely to have an impact on their interests and the safety or security of their employees throughout the world. The alerts covered **149 countries**.

**66** of the alerts were classified as either **critical or urgent**, which activate our **24–hour Security Operations Centre (SOC)**, specifically concerning **Hong Kong** (major fire 26 November), **Guinea-Bissau** (military coup 26 November), the **USA** (shooting near the White House 26 November) and **India** (terrorist attack in New Delhi 10 November).

GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION



TYPE OF RISK



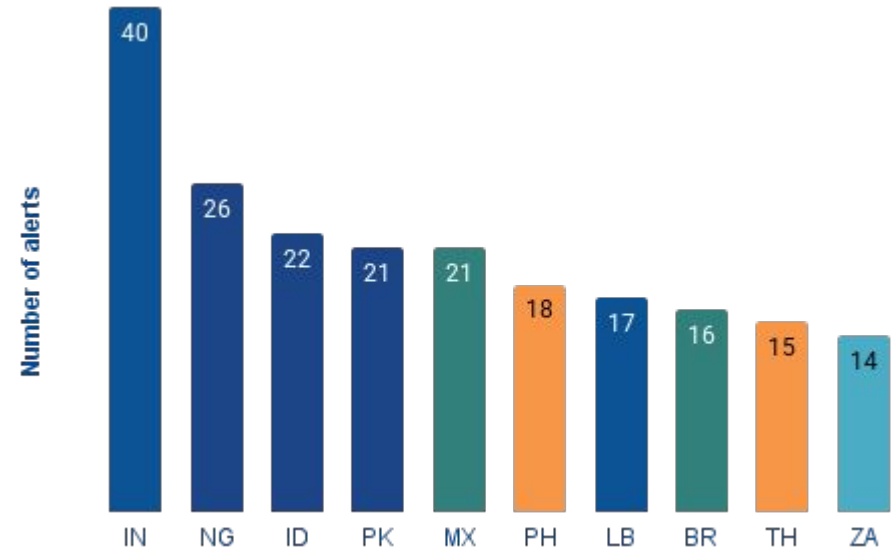
# 10 countries to monitor



The countries that accounted for the highest number of alerts sent by SSF in November 2025 are **India, Nigeria, Indonesia, Pakistan, Mexico, the Philippines, Lebanon, Brazil, Thailand** and **South Africa**.

In total, these 10 countries generated **210 safety–security alerts**, representing **23%** of all the alerts sent over the last month.

Countries engaged in long-term warfare or with extremely high levels of insecurity in general (Afghanistan, Libya, Syria, Yemen, Somalia, Sudan and Ukraine) have been deliberately excluded from the list.



Number of alerts issued in November 2025 and main risk factor according to country





## South Africa

**Nationwide:** thunderstorms and rainfall in the centre and north (16 November). Strike and protests against gender-based violence and femicide (21 November). Anti-government demonstrations (17 November) - **Gauteng Province:** shooting in Boksburg, at least 6 dead (1 November). **Johannesburg:** protests against gender-based violence (12 November) and water cuts (1 November) - **Western Cape Province:** protests in Cape Town against austerity (12 November), for freedom of worship (13 November), against corruption and crime (7-8 November). Cape Town International Airport: risk of kerosene shortage due to a tax administration audit delaying the distribution of stocks (19-24 November). **Wilderness:** power cut (29 November) - **Mpumalanga Province:** roadblocks with burning debris on the N12 highway in Botleng (20 November) - **Limpopo Province:** rallies on the sidelines of the Polokwane hearing on the OTM Political Party's right to demonstrate (10 November) - **KwaZulu-Natal Province:** demonstration against illegal immigration in Durban (7 November).



## Brazil

**Nationwide:** severe storm warnings (1–9 November) in several states - **Paraná state:** at least 6 dead and 775 injured caused by a tornado in Rio Bonito do Iguçu (7 November). State of emergency and major disruption (8–9 November) - **Rio de Janeiro:** repeated police operations targeting criminal gangs in the north and west of the city, at least 3 dead, transport disruption (14, 19, 27 November) - **Belém (Pará):** security stepped up for COP 30 (10–21 November), clashes between indigenous protesters and security forces left 2 officers injured (11 November), peaceful blockade (14 November), fire involving partial evacuation (20 November) - **Brasília:** rallies following the arrest of former President Jair Bolsonaro (22–24 November). Explosion and fire in an electrical substation belonging to the Racial Equality Ministry (25 November).



## India

**New Delhi:** car bombing at Lal Qila metro station, attributed to Jaish-e-Mohammed (13 dead, 10 November), unprecedented since 2011 - Nationwide air traffic disruption linked to volcanic ash from the Hayli Gubbi volcano (Ethiopia), affecting several north-western states (24-25 November). Technical failure at DEL Airport, causing air traffic control disruption and widespread delays at several airports (7 November) - SKM agricultural protests on the anniversary of the 2020-2021 protest movement (26 November).

Ongoing socio-political demonstrations, particularly against air pollution in the capital - **Jammu and Kashmir:** attempted attack foiled in Srinagar (6 November), 3 armed individuals arrested and series of searches following the attack in New Delhi 10 November - **Madhya Pradesh:** clashes during protests against the revision of electoral rolls and following an alleged rape in **Bhopal** (26-27 November), targeted attack on a café by around 20 armed individuals (18 November) - **Chhattisgarh and Andhra Pradesh** (forest areas): clashes between security forces and suspected Maoists (around 15 insurgents killed, including a military leader), and search operations (Maredumilli, Sukma, Bijapur) - **Chhattisgarh (Bilaspur):** collision between a passenger train and a goods train, at least six dead and several injured (4 November). **Rajasthan (Jaipur):** clashes between demonstrators and police outside the chief minister's residence, several injured and arrests (20 November). **Tamil Nadu and Calcutta:** demonstrations against the revision of electoral rolls.



## Indonesia

**Nationwide:** widespread flooding and landslides since mid-November have left at least 804 people dead, 650 missing and one million displaced; the island of **Sumatra** has been particularly affected - **Java Island:** dozens of people died in landslides in Central Java - **Papua** (Nduga Regency): at least 15 dead in flash floods in early November - **Jakarta:** bomb attack in a mosque at SMAN 72 public high school (Kelapa Gading), leaving 96 injured, one student implicated - **Bali:** at least 5 Chinese tourists killed and 8 injured in a minibus accident in Buleleng (14 November) - **Mount Semeru** (East Java): eruption from 19 November onwards, alert raised to maximum level and localised evacuations - **Mount Lewotobi Laki-Laki** (East Flores): volcanic alert level 3 maintained; heavy rain triggering lahars, mud deposits and occasional disruption on the Trans-Flores road (14 November).



## Lebanon

**Intensification of Israeli air strikes in Southern Lebanon:** Tyre (6, 16 November), Bint Jbeil (8, 18, 21, 22 November), Sidon (18 November), Kfar Reman (1 November), Ayta ash-Shab, Doueir (3 November), Houmin al-Fawqa (9 November) - **South Beirut:** in Haret Hreik, 5 dead in a strike, including a Hezbollah military leader (23 November). Demonstration in condemnation of Israeli strikes (24 November). **Papal visit** without incident amid heightened security (30 November to 2 December).



## Mexico

**Nationwide:** roadblocks by transporters and farmers since the 24 November in 25 states, including the international bridge to El Paso (USA) 25 November. Teachers on strike (13-14 November). Demonstrations for the 40-hour working week (23 November) - **Michoacán:** 1,000 additional soldiers deployed in response to repeated clashes following assassination of the mayor of Uruapan (1 November), notably in Apatzingán, Morelia and Uruapan (2-7 November). Tourist bus overturns on Morelia–Pátzcuaro road, at least 10 dead (22 November) - **Hidalgo:** 7 dead in a bar shooting in Tula de Allende (28-29 November). Fuel train derails in Tepetitlán (1 November) - **Sinaloa:** clash between security forces and armed group in Guasave, 13 assailants killed (3 November) - **Mexico City:** GenZ demonstration for increased security, followed by clashes near the Presidential Palace, 100 police and 20 civilians injured (14-16 November). Protests in the healthcare sector (19 November) against public transport fares (6 November) - **Sonora:** 23 dead in explosion at a shop in Hermosillo (31 November) - **Quintana Roo:** Navy boat explodes in Cozumel (27 November).



## Nigeria

**Nationwide:** security emergency declared 26 November after more than 350 people were kidnapped in 10 days, mainly in the **centre** and **northwest** (states of Niger, Kebbi, Kogi and Kwara). Renewed attacks on Christian places of worship, schools and security forces. Recruitment of 20,000 additional police officers, redeployment of forces (northeast, northwest and centre). **Borno State:** military patrol ambushed near Wajirko, claimed by **ISWAP**; army general kidnapped and executed (15 November). **Dogon Chiku:** clashes between Boko Haram and ISWAP fighters, approximately 200 presumed dead (10 November). Lake Chad: ongoing armed operations, closure of the border by Chad for security reasons (3 November). **Malam Fatori:** ISWAP attack on military base (3 November) - **Kwara State:** army checkpoint attacked in Kaiama–Nuku, claimed by **JNIM**, at least one soldier killed; first time the group is known to have claimed responsibility in Nigeria (29 November) - **Abuja:** clashes between farmers and herdsmen in Mpape (25 November). Clashes between rival PDP factions in front of the party headquarters (18 November) - **Lagos:** clashes during a "Take It Back" rally against demolitions in Oworonshoki (3 November).



## Pakistan

**Nationwide:** strike by PIA aeronautical engineers, flight delays and cancellations in Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad (3-4 November). **Major cities:** protests against the controversial 27th constitutional amendment strengthening the powers of the army and its chief, as well as limiting the independence of the judiciary (14, 19 and 21 November) - **Islamabad:** suicide attack claimed by a TTP faction outside court complex (11 November), at least 12 dead; security massively stepped up and searches carried out - **Khyber Pakhtunkhwa:** suicide attack on border police headquarters in **Peshawar** (24 November, 3 dead). Several dozen TTP insurgents killed in separate military operations along the Afghan border (18–20 November). **Wana:** attack on a military school foiled prior to the suicide bombing in Islamabad - **Afghanistan-Pakistan border:** ongoing Pakistani strikes, mutual accusations of ceasefire violations (6, 25 November).



## Philippines

Series of major storms, including **Typhoon Kalmaegi** (particular impact on the **centre** and **Cebu Province**) and **Super Typhoon Fung-wong** ( across the whole country). At least 269 deaths attributed to Kalmaegi and 25 to Fung-wong. Several million people affected. Major disruption, especially affecting air travel (2-11 November) - **Manila/Quezon City:** series of demonstrations against corruption in flood control projects (16, 17, 18, 30 November), undermining the government.



## Thailand

**Major flooding** linked to the monsoon and dam releases (notably from **Chao Phraya**, affecting the **centre** and the **Bangkok region**) - **South:** at least 181 deaths in connection with flooding in the southern provinces, more than 3 million people affected and widespread disruption. State of emergency declared in **Songkhla**, particularly affected - **Bangkok:** demonstration in front of the Malaysian and US embassies against the handling of the border conflict with Cambodia (22 November) - **Thailand-Cambodia border:** new cross-border clashes including a mine explosion (10 November) wounding Thai soldiers in the Preah Vihear area, 26 October Bangkok **suspends** Joint Declaration and freezes planned de-escalation measures, including the release of prisoners of war.

A satellite view of Earth from space, showing the Americas on the left and the rest of the world on the right. The image is dark and atmospheric, with a blue and white color palette. The text is overlaid in the center-right area.

# DECEMBER EVENTS

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REGIONAL CALENDAR

# Africa



## 1 December

**Central African Republic (CAR):** National Day celebrating creation of the autonomous republic (1958) – Rallies and festivities likely.

**Senegal:** 81st anniversary of the Senegalese Tirailleurs massacre in Thiaroye – Demonstrations and commemorations scheduled.

## 3 to 6 December

**Cape Verde:** 72-hour strike by air traffic controllers – Air traffic disruption should be expected.

## 4 to 5 December

**South Africa:** court hearing in the corruption case involving Jacob Zuma and the French company Thales.

## 4 December

**Angola:** indefinite strike action led by employees at the Port of Lobito – Disruption expected, related demonstrations should not be ruled out.

**South Africa:** march against gender violence in Durban – Localised transport disruption should be expected.

**Uganda:** Anti-Corruption Day – Demonstrations likely in Kampala, unrest should not be ruled out.

## 5 to 9 December

**Tanzania:** anti-government demonstrations in Dar es Salaam amid an extremely poor post-election period – Increased security and unrest should be expected.

## 7 December

**Ivory Coast:** 32nd anniversary of the death of former President Houphouët-Boigny (1993) – Commemorations likely.

## 8 to 12 December

**Togo:** 9th Pan-African Congress.

## 8 December

**Ivory Coast:** Alassane Ouattara to be sworn in as president following his election for a fourth term in office – Increased security should be expected.

## 9 December

**Tanzania:** Independence Day (1961) – President Samia Suluhu Hassan has cancelled the national holiday celebrations given that the opposition is planning to stage a huge demonstration in demand of justice for the victims of the election crackdown carried out by the authorities.

## 12 December

**Eritrea/Ethiopia:** anniversary of the Algiers Agreement (2000) ending the war between the two countries.

**Kenya:** Independence Day (“Jamhuri Day”) – Celebrations and disruption likely nationwide.

## 13 December

**Central African Republic (CAR):** launch of the presidential election campaign for the ballot scheduled 28 December.

## 15 December

**Democratic Republic of the Congo:** opposition demonstration in Kinshasa – Increased security and disruption should be expected.

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### 18 December

**Niger:** Republic Day (1958) – Security reinforcements possible.

### 19 December

**Sudan:** 7th anniversary of the start of the 2018 protest movement that led to Omar al-Bashir being overthrown.

### 22 December

**Zimbabwe:** Unity Day.

### 24 December

**Ivory Coast:** 26th anniversary of the coup in which Henri Konan Bédié was overthrown (1999).

### 27 December

**Ivory Coast:** legislative elections – Increased security should be expected, including a risk of partisan rallies and tension.

### 28 December

**Guinea:** presidential election – Increased security should be expected.

**Central African Republic (CAR):** general elections, including the presidential and local ballots – Increased security and tension should be expected.



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# The Americas



## 1 to 3 December

**Suriname:** visit by the Dutch royal couple.

## 1 December

**Saint Lucia:** early general elections.

## 3 December

**Mexico:** air traffic controllers set to stage national strike action, including a march in Mexico City – Air traffic disruption to be expected, related demonstrations should not be ruled out.

## 4 December

**Brazil:** national strike by lorry drivers – Traffic disruption expected, demonstrations possible.

## 6 December

**Venezuela:** opposition march organised by Nobel Peace Prize winner María Corina Machado – Increased security and tension expected, clashes should not be ruled out.

## 9 December

**Chile:** debate between the presidential candidates ahead of the second round of the elections.

## 10 December

**Argentina:** new Congress set to take office after the unexpected victory of La Libertad Avanza (President Javier Milei's party) in the 26 October mid-term legislative elections.

## 12 December

**Mexico:** annual celebration of the Day of the Virgin of Guadalupe - Festivities likely.

## 14 December

**Chile:** second round of the presidential election – Increased security should be expected, partisan demonstrations likely.

**Mexico:** "GenZ" march in Mexico City – Increased security and disruption should be expected.

## 16 December

**United States:** demonstration in Boston in protest against the Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) – Increased security and tension should be expected.

## 20 December

**Panama:** anniversary of the 1989 US invasion – Security reinforcements and demonstrations should not be ruled out, especially in the vicinity of US diplomatic representations.

## 23 December

**Nicaragua:** 53rd anniversary of the earthquake, which claimed more than 10,000 lives and left 20,000 others injured in the region of Managua – Commemorations likely.

## 31 December

**Panama:** anniversary of the retrocession of the Panama Canal by the US (1999).

# Asia - Pacific



## 1 December

**Indonesia:** anniversary of the raising of the flag of independence (1961) – OPM separatist demonstrations scheduled in the provinces of Papua and West Papua on the anniversary of the movement's creation (1965), security reinforcements likely, tension possible.

**Kazakhstan:** First President's Day, marking the first election of President Nursultan Nazarbayev (1991) – Ceremonies likely.

**South Korea:** indefinite general strike on the Seoul metro network – Traffic disruption expected, demonstrations possible.

## 2 and 3 December

**India:** 41st anniversary of the Bhopal disaster – Commemorations scheduled.

## 2 December

**Thailand:** Trooping the Colour in honour of the King in Bangkok – Official celebrations and road closures scheduled.

## 3 to 5 December

**China:** State visit by President Emmanuel Macron – Increased security should be expected in Beijing, followed by Chengdu.

## 3 December

**India:** demonstration against air pollution in New Delhi – Increased security and disruption should be expected.

**South Korea:** first anniversary of the attempted imposition of martial law – Demonstrations should be expected outside the National Assembly in Seoul 3 and 4 December.

## 4 to 5 December

**India:** State visit by Russian President Vladimir Putin.

## 4 December

**India:** rally by the Bharatiya Janata Party at Zorawar Stadium in Dharamshala – Increased security and disruption should be expected.

## 5 December

**India:** teaches set to demonstrate in Maharashtra – Increased security and disruption should be expected.

## 6 December

**India:** anniversary of the destruction of the Babri Masjid in Ayodhya (Uttar Pradesh State, 1992) by Hindu nationalists – Security reinforcements and rallies likely, risk of violence.

## 7 December

**Hong Kong (SAR):** Legislative Council election to elect all 90 members.

## 9 to 20 December

**Thailand:** 33rd Southeast Asian Games – Increased security should be expected in Bangkok, Chonburi and Songkhla.

## 14 December

**Bangladesh:** Martyred Intellectuals Day (1971) – Commemorations likely.

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### 16 December

**Bangladesh:** 54th anniversary of the end of the War of Independence.  
**India:** anniversary of the gang rape of a female student on a bus (2012) – Demonstrations protesting violence against women should not be ruled out.

### 20 December

**China:** 26th anniversary of the retrocession of Macao (SAR) – Official ceremonies and security reinforcements should be expected.

### 25 December

**Malaysia:** court to rule on the trial of former Prime Minister Najib Razak in the "1Malaysia Development Berhad" (1MDB) corruption case.

### 26 December

**China:** 132nd anniversary of the birth of Mao Zedong - Commemorations likely.  
**Indonesia:** 21st anniversary of the tsunami off the coast of Sumatra that left around 170,000 people dead (2004) - Commemorations should be expected.

### 28 December

**Afghanistan:** anniversary of Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan (1979).  
**Myanmar:** start of the legislative elections.  
**Pakistan:** 18th anniversary of the assassination of former Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto – Commemorations likely.

### 29 December

**Mongolia:** Independence Day - Celebrations likely in Ulaanbaatar.

### 30 December

**India:** demonstration by farmers against falling prices in Rajasthan – Localised disruption should be expected.  
**Philippines:** 60th anniversary of former President Ferdinand Marcos' rise to power.

### 31 December

**Timor Leste:** Memorial Day – Commemorations should be expected.



# Europe



## 1 to 19 December

**France:** former rebel leader Roger Lumbala on trial in Paris for crimes against humanity in the DRC.

## 1 December

**Belgium:** 541 days without a government in Brussels – Call to demonstrate by the "Respect Brussels" citizen group in condemnation of the deadlock.

**Hungary:** political demonstration in Budapest led by the city's mayor – Increased security and disruption should be expected.

**Romania:** Great Union Day – Parades should be expected in cities, along with related security reinforcements.

**Serbia:** 107th anniversary of the creation of the first Kingdom of Yugoslavia.

## 2 to 3 December

**Greece:** national 48-hour taxi strike – Traffic disruption should be expected, demonstrations should not be ruled out.

## 2 December

**France:** national strike and demonstrations by workers led by the CGT union – Transport disruption should be expected.

**Ireland:** first official visit by Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelensky.

## 3 December

**Ireland:** taxi drivers set to demonstrate in Dublin.

**Poland:** pro-government demonstration in Krakow.

**Spain:** demonstrations by metro security staff in Barcelona and demonstration by police officers in Valencia.

## 4 December

**Bulgaria:** opposition demonstration in Plovdiv – Security reinforcements should be expected.

**France:** ECHR to announce its ruling on the detention in France of Juan Ibon Fernandez Iradi, aka "Susper", former military leader of the ETA Basque separatist organisation.

**Greece:** Olympic torch relay ceremony for the Winter Games.

**Slovakia:** anti-government demonstration in Nitra – Security stepped up, tension should not be ruled out.

## 4 to 6 December

**Italy:** first stage of the Olympic torch relay for the Milan-Cortina 2026 Winter Olympics.

## 5 December

**France:** complaint filed for the suspension of the Shein platform in France to go under review – Demonstrations should not be ruled out.

## 5 to 7 December

**United Kingdom:** Metrolink tram strike in Manchester – Public transport disruption should be expected, related demonstrations should not be ruled out.

## 5 December

**Germany:** national student demonstrations against the introduction of compulsory military service, notably in Berlin – Increased security and localised disruption should be expected.

**Greece:** anniversary of the death of a student in the 2008 riots – Demonstrations likely, specifically in Athens, high risk of unrest. Demonstration by teachers in Athens in demand of better working conditions – Increased security and localised disruption should be expected.

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## 6 to 14 December

**Italy:** Prime Minister Giorgia Meloni's party, Fratelli d'Italia, set to hold the annual Atreju rally – Demonstrations against the far-right should not be ruled out.

**Italie:** Atreju annual festival (conservative and far-right) at the Circo Massimo in Rome, with the participation of the Fratelli d'Italia (Fdi) ruling party.

## 6 December

**Finland:** Independence Day – Demonstrations and official ceremonies should be expected in Helsinki.

**United Kingdom:** demonstration against the far-right in Plymouth – Security stepped up, tension should not be ruled out.

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## 7 December

**Romania:** Bucharest mayoral election.

## 8 December

**Denmark:** Copenhagen Security Summit.

## 9 to 11 December

**Italy:** 48-hour national strike led by unionised workers at Italian ferry companies Tirrenia CIN et Moby – Maritime traffic disruption should be expected, demonstrations should not be ruled out.

## 9 December

**Germany:** three individuals to stand trial on charges of spying for Russia..

**Netherlands:** ICC sentencing of Sudanese militia leader Abd-Al-Rahman.

**Spain:** drivers of private hire vehicles in Catalonia to go on strike, including a demonstration in Barcelona – Traffic disruption should be expected.

## 10 to 11 December

**Ukraine:** European ministers responsible for European affairs to meet their Ukrainian counterparts in Lviv.

## 10 December

**Bulgaria:** court to examine an extradition request for a ship owner linked to the massive explosion in the Port of Beirut.

**United Kingdom:** British government to decide on controversial planned new Chinese Embassy – Demonstrations should not be ruled out.

**United Kingdom:** British Chancellor of the Exchequer Rachel Reeves to be questioned on the budget in Parliament – Demonstrations should not be ruled out.

## 11 December

**France:** anniversary of terrorist attack on the Strasbourg Christmas Market (2018) – Commemorations likely.

**Italy:** opening of the Supreme Court appeal trial against Deputy Prime Minister Matteo Salvini in relation to the blocking of migrants.

**Portugal:** general strike against the reform of labour law – Disruption to be expected, related demonstrations should not be ruled out.

**Russia:** 31st anniversary of the Russian invasion of Chechnya – Commemorations and demonstrations possible.

## 12 and 13 December

**Italy:** multi-sector general strike and demonstration – Transport disruption expected.

## 12 December

**Portugal:** national strike by public sector workers – Disruption should be expected, demonstrations possible.

## 15 to 17 December

**Switzerland:** Global Refugee Forum organised by the UN.

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### 16 to 20 December

**Romania:** 34th anniversary of the Romanian Revolution (1989) - Commemorations and rallies likely, notably in Timișoara.

### 17 to 21 December

**United Kingdom:** 5-day strike by resident doctors – Severe disruption should be expected, especially in hospitals, related demonstrations should not be ruled out.

### 18 December

**Belgium:** demonstration organised by Copa-Cogeca and EU agricultural cooperatives against falling purchase prices and the EU-Mercosur agreement – Increased security and tension should be expected.

### 19 December

**Germany:** anniversary of vehicle-ramming terrorist attack on the Berlin Christmas Market, which left 12 people dead (2016).

### 20 December

**United Kingdom:** anniversary of the Northern Bank robbery, the so-called "hold-up of the century" in Belfast – Symbolic events possible.

### 21 to 22 December

**Russia:** President Putin to host an informal summit of members of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) in St. Petersburg .

### 21 December

**Germany:** 53rd anniversary of the signing of the Basic Treaty between the Federal Republic of Germany (FRG) and the German Democratic Republic (GDR) – Commemorations likely.

### 22 December

**Poland:** hearing on the detention of Justice Minister Zbigniew Ziobro.

### 25 December

**Vatican City:** "Urbi et Orbi" Christmas message and mass – Large crowds expected on St. Peter's Square and security stepped up.

**Russia:** anniversary of Russian military plane crash in the Black Sea near the resort city of Sochi with 92 people on board (2016) - Commemorations likely.

### 28 December

**Kosovo:** early legislative elections – Increased security should be expected, risk of partisan rallies.

### 31 December

**United Kingdom:** 5th anniversary of the United Kingdom leaving the European single market (Brexit) – Demonstrations against Brexit possible, notably in London and Scotland.



# Middle East - North Africa



## 1 to 2 December

**Lebanon:** visit by Pope Leo XIV – Increased security and localised disruption expected.

## 1 December

**Israel:** 52nd anniversary of the death of David Ben Gurion (1973), founder of the State of Israel – Commemorations to be expected.

## 2 to 3 December

**Morocco:** first International Conference dedicated to African victims of terrorism in Rabat.

## 2 December

**United Arab Emirates:** National Day, 54th anniversary of the creation of the federation – Ceremonies should be expected.

## 3 to 9 December

**Syria and Lebanon:** visit by representatives from the 15 member states of the United Nations Security Council.

## 3 December

**Türkiye:** Republican People's Party (CHP) opposition rally in Istanbul – Increased security and disruption should be expected.

## 4 December

**Tunisia:** trade union demonstration to mark the anniversary of the assassination of Farhat Hached (1952) – Increased security and disruption to be expected.

## 6 to 7 December

**Libya:** Libya-Africa International Gas Forum 2025.

## 6 to 8 December

**Qatar:** Doha Forum – Increased security should be expected.

## 6 December

**Israel/Palestine:** 8th anniversary of the US recognising Jerusalem as the capital of Israel (2017) - Tension could increase around the symbolic date.

**Türkiye:** demonstration in demand of higher pensions in Ankara – Increased security and disruption should be expected.

## 7 December

**United Arab Emirates:** Abu Dhabi Grand Prix, the final round of the Formula 1 World Championship – Security stepped up around the Yas Marina Circuit. Travel disruption should be expected.

## 8 December

**Syria:** first anniversary of Syrian President Bashar al-Assad being overthrown – Increased security should be expected, tension possible.

## 10 December

**Tunisia:** hearing in the trial against journalists Mourad Zghridi and Borhen Bssais.

**Türkiye:** anniversary of twin bombings at the Vodafone Arena, the home of Istanbul football team Besiktas, in which 44 people were killed (2016) – Commemorations likely.

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### 12 December

**Türkiye:** date set for the retrial of Istanbul mayor and opposition leader, Ekrem Imamoglu, who remains in prison – Demonstrations should not be ruled out.

### 14 to 22 December

**Israel/Palestine:** Hanukkah, Festival of Lights – Security reinforcements and travel restrictions should be expected.

### 14 December

**Israel:** 44th anniversary of the annexation of the Golan Heights.

### 15 December

**Tunisia:** trial against humanitarian workers from the *Terre d'Asile Tunisie* NGO including Sherifa Riahi, for helping migrants.

### 16 December

**Bahrain:** National Day and Martyrs' Day – Opposition demonstrations possible, notably in Manama and the surrounding area.

**Tunisia:** 15th anniversary of the start of the revolution (2010) – Rallies to be expected.

### 18 December

**Qatar:** National Day celebrations likely, notably in Doha.

**Türkiye:** hearing in the trial of exiled Turkish dissident writer Can Dundar for contempt of a public official – Demonstrations should not be ruled out.

### 26 December

**Algeria:** 31st anniversary of the hijacking of an Air France Airbus plane in Algiers – Commemorative ceremonies possible.



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# World

## 1 December

**World:** World AIDS Day – Demonstrations likely in major cities.

## 2 December

**World:** International Day for the Abolition of Slavery – Commemorations likely.

## 3 December

**World:** International Day of Persons with Disabilities.

## 8 December

**World:** World Climate Day – Demonstrations to be expected in city centres.

## 9 December

**World:** International Day of Commemoration and Dignity of the Victims of the Crime of Genocide and of the Prevention of this Crime – Commemorations likely.

## 10 December

**World:** Human Rights Day – Demonstrations to be expected in major cities, disruption should not be ruled out.

## 11 December

**World:** 28th anniversary of the signing of the Kyoto Protocol to reduce greenhouse gases – Environmental demonstrations likely.

## 18 December

**World:** International Migrants Day – Demonstrations possible.

## 24 and 25 December

**World:** security measures likely to be stepped up in many countries for Christmas celebrations – Risk of attacks should not be ruled out in countries affected by terrorism.

## 26 December

**English-speaking World:** Boxing Day – Disruption likely on the occasion of the public holiday in several countries.

## 31 December

**World:** security reinforcements and disruption should be expected in many countries on the occasion of New Year's Eve celebrations – Attacks in sensitive countries should not be ruled out.

# Your international security partner



## Information & Analysis

*Country profiles  
Alerts 24/7  
Customised reports*

## Training

*E-learning  
Courses prior to travel  
Crisis management drills*



## Consultancy

*Business intelligence  
Travel safety audit  
Security risk management  
ISO 31030 compliance advice*

## Technology

*Tracking  
Mobile app  
SOS and Safety Check*

## Operations

*Security Operations Centre 24/7  
Assistance in high-risk zones  
Crisis management support*