



PMPR

Point Mensuel des Pays à Risques
the SSF monthly report on high-risk countries

March 2024

Summary of alerts
Countries to monitor
Calendar



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Focal points in February

— Lebanon
Mozambique
Pakistan
Senegal
Chad
Tunisia

+ Comoros
Iraq
Niger

Countries to monitor in March

8 March **World:** International Women's Day

15-17 March **Russia:** presidential election

17 March **Maldives:** legislative elections

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Chile **State of emergency declared** in the **Valparaiso Region** due to **catastrophic forest fires**, in which at least **131 people lost their lives**.

Senegal **Political crisis, growing demonstrations and violence** after President Macky Sall announced the **postponement of the presidential election** scheduled 25 February this year.

Chad **Sharp rise in tension in N'Djamena** following a number of **armed incidents** 27 and 28 February, in which **several people died**, including the leader of the PSF who was also the main opponent of General Déby.

Pakistan **Deteriorating security environment and escalating election-related violence** in the wake of the 8 February **general elections**.

Russia **Nationwide demonstrations** in memory of opponent **Alexei Navalny**. **Many people arrested**.

World **8 March:** International Women's Day - Strikes and demonstrations should be expected.

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World **10 March onwards:** holy month of Ramadan for Muslims. Increased risk of a surge in tension and attacks, notably in the Israel-Palestine area, despite the potential conclusion of a ceasefire in the Gaza Strip.

Russia **15-17 March:** presidential election.

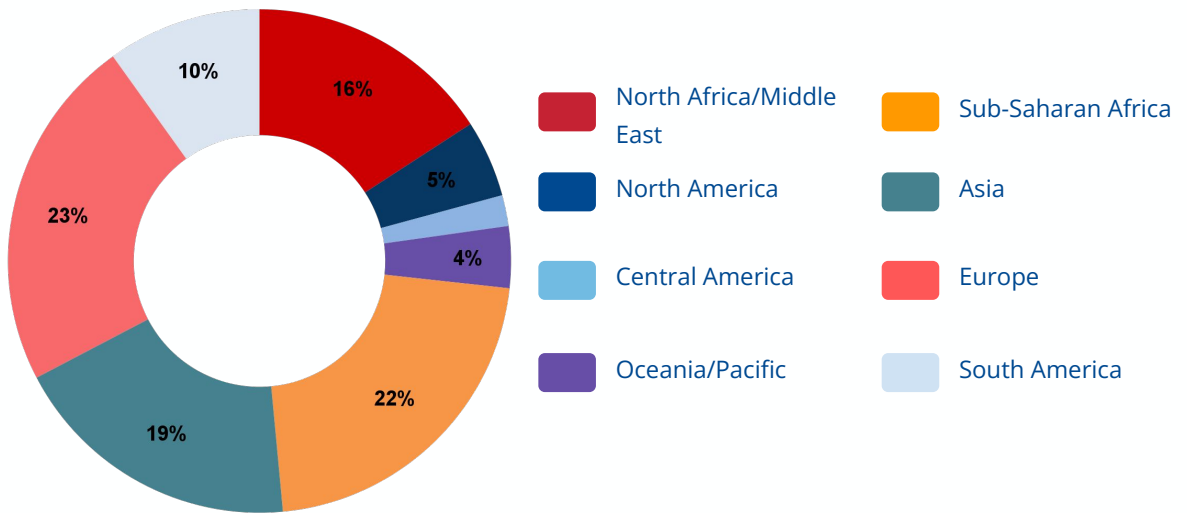
Maldives **17 March:** legislative elections.

Summary of Alerts

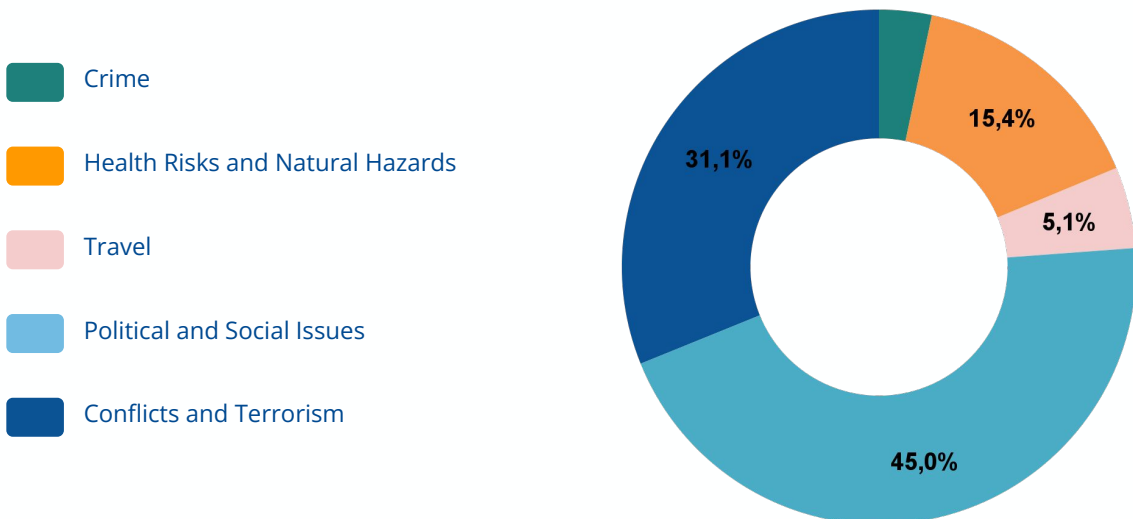
March 2024

The SSF alert service is available by subscription **24/7**, providing you with the latest information, in both French and English, on any events that might have an impact on your interests and the safety or security of your employees across **203 countries and territories**. In **February 2024**, SSF issued a total of **853 safety-security alerts**, concerning all kinds of risks in **135 countries**.

Geographic Distribution

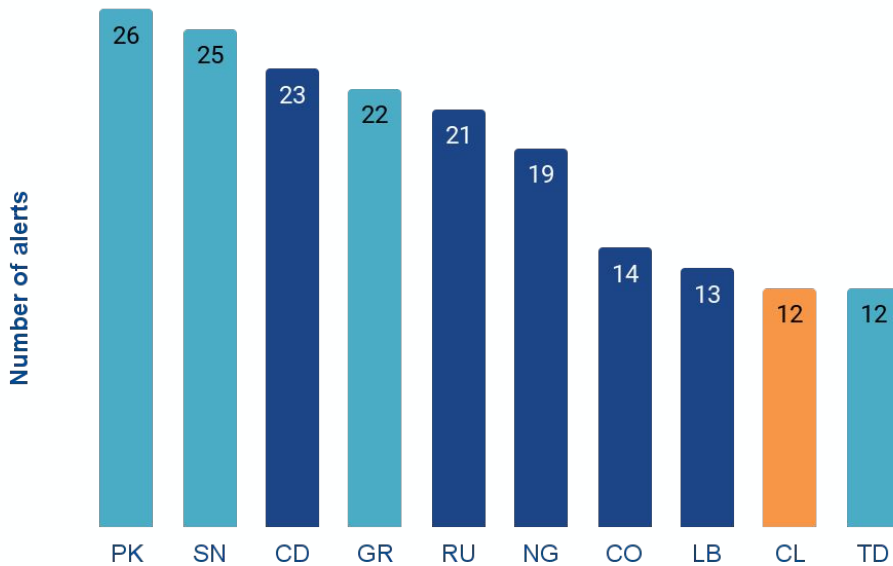


Type of Risk



10 countries to monitor

The following **10 countries** account for **187 safety-security alerts** representing **22%** of all of the alerts sent over the last month. Countries engaged in long-term warfare or with extremely high levels of insecurity in general (Afghanistan, Libya, Syria, Sudan, Yemen, Somalia and Ukraine) have been deliberately excluded from the list.



Number of alerts issued during the month and main risk factor according to country



Chile

State of emergency declared in the Valparaiso Region (2 February) due to **catastrophic forest fires that burned through more than 43,000 hectares of land and destroyed over 15,000 homes** (1 - 7 February). Mass **evacuations** in several regions, namely O'Higgins, Los Lagos, Maule, Metropolitana, Biobio and Araucania. **At least 131 people dead** (as of 6 February). Curfew declared in several parts of the Valparaiso Region (4 February) - **Former Chilean President Sebastian Pinera killed** along with 3 other people in a helicopter accident in Lago Ranco (7 February) - Two earthquakes (measuring 5.4 and 6.0) near Vallenar **in the Atacama Region** (11 and 14 February) - **Fire inside Lo Prado Tunnel** causing disruption on Route 68 (24 February).

Democratic Republic of the Congo

Kinshasa: attack on MONUSCO personnel 10 February and **demonstrations** against countries accused of **supporting Rwanda** 10, 11 & 12 February. Barricades reported outside the embassies of France, the US and Ivory Coast - **Provinces of Ituri and North Kivu: escalation and ongoing clashes between the FARDC and both the ADF and M23 rebels**, particularly around **Goma, Masisi and Beni** (2 to 12, 15 to 17, 19 & 20 February, **tens dead**). **At least 22 people killed** following **attacks** by **CODECO militia** 13 and 17 February (Ituri) - **Surge in cases of cholera** reported by the French Foreign Ministry 2 February, notably in the east of the country - **Beni: strike action by transporters of petroleum products** from 27 to 29 February - **Kananga: demonstration** against the high cost of living and insecurity 17 February.

Colombia

At least 4 soldiers killed when a gang of drug-traffickers launched an attack on the Colombian army in Segovia (17 February) - Local authorities announce a **rise in suspicious deaths of tourists in Medellin** (7 February) - 6-month **extension of the ceasefire between the government and the ELN failed** (6 February) as it was **violated** from 14 February, **frozen** by the ELN 21 February - At least 4 dead in a **military helicopter crash** in the Choco Department during an air cargo operation (6 February) - **Air traffic disruption at Palonegro International Airport** due to bad weather (3 & 8 February) - **Roadblocks** on national road 50 (16 February) and on the Pan American Highway (20 February) - **Demonstrations** staged by teachers in Bogota (7 February) and protests outside the Palace of Justice (22 February) - **Clashes** on the fringes of a security operation targeting street vendors (19 February) - Uptick in cases of Dengue fever in the country (21 February).

Greece

Device explodes close to the Labour Ministry in Athens (3 March) - **Shooting** on the premises of the European Navigation shipping company in **Glyfada** (Attica Region), in which **3 people died**, including the suspect (12 February) - **Multiple protest movements, mainly in Athens and Thessaloniki**, in the sectors of agriculture (1 & 20 February), tourism (21 February), health (12 & 22 February) and transport (28 February). **Rallies** both for and against the far-right (3 February); led by students (5, 8, 12 & 15 February); against the legalisation of gay marriage approved by parliament 15 February (11 & 15 February); staged by pensioners (13 February) and in protest against the government's economic policies (27 & 28 February).

Lebanon

Intensification of Israel's air raids on southern Lebanon and increase in strikes deeper into the territory (Jadra 10 February, Ghaziyeh 20 February, Baalbek 26 February) amid **escalating attacks and reprisals and a diplomatic deadlock**. 3 dead in Houla and Jadra (Chouf) 10 February, a Hezbollah official killed in Bint Jbeil (12 February), at least 5 dead in Nabatieh and 4 dead in villages of southern Lebanon 14 February, at least 6 Hezbollah fighters killed in the Nabatieh area (8 and 15-16 February), 14 people injured in Ghaziyeh (20 February), 4 dead in Kfar Roummane (22 February), 2 near Baalbek (26 February) - **At least 4 dead when a residential building collapsed in Choueifat** (Aley, 19 February) - **Public sector strike** extended until 23 February and **anti-government demonstration** in Beirut 10 February. Ongoing national movement led by military veterans.

Nigeria

15 people dead in several attacks by suspected armed bandits in Ogboju (1 February), 14 dead in Katakpa (26 February), 12 dead in Kufana (18 February), 3 dead in Kankara and Musawa (14-15 February), 4 dead in Kaura Namoda (13 February) - 12 dead when a **landmines attributed to Boko Haram exploded** in the path of a civilian convoy on the road between Pulka and Gwoza (1 February) - 4 dead in **renewed ISWAP attacks** in Gajiram (2-3 February) and 3 dead in Kukareta (4 February). 5 dead in an ambush carried out by armed individuals in Katakpa (6 February) - **At least 35 people kidnapped in an attack by armed bandits** in the Sabuwa LGA (5 February) - **Attempted attack on a senator** in Umualumoke, in which at least one police officer was killed (12 February) - **Oil tanker drivers go on strike** (19 February) - Uptick in cases of Lassa fever reported 22 February - Nationwide **Labour demonstrations** (27-28 February) and **by civil society** in Lafia (20 February).

Pakistan

8 February general elections: deteriorating security environment and escalating election violence (attacks and bombings targeting party offices and the security forces initiated by armed groups such as the Islamic State, particularly in the provinces of Baluchistan and KP, violence between rival supporters and security forces) before and after the ballot, **which did not result in a clear winner**. The **PTI, JI, and JUI-F parties** are condemning **massive fraud** and are stepping up **rallies nationwide** (notably in Karachi, Islamabad and Rawalpindi) despite a **systematic crackdown even though they represent the leading political force in the country**, but are unable to form a coalition government. **Negotiations for setting up a PML-N/PPP coalition government** led by **Shehbaz Sharif (PML-N)**, whose party achieved a relatively disappointing result despite the **support of the security apparatus and the army**.

Russia

Demonstrations in remembrance of opponent Alexei Navalny across the country 16 and 17 February. At least **340 demonstrators arrested** by the Russian police, mainly in **Moscow** and **St. Petersburg** - Ongoing **intensification of Ukrainian attacks on the country**, notably in the border regions of **Belgorod, Bryansk, Rostov** and **Krasnodar** 3, 8, 9, 14, 14, 22 and 26 February. **Ukrainian drone attacks on two oil refineries** in the **Krasnodar Krai** 9 February (8 dead) - **Moscow: several arrests** made on the fringes of a **demonstration staged by the wives of soldiers fighting in Ukraine** 24 February- Total **closure** of the **Finland-Russia border extended** until at least 14 April.

Senegal

Political crisis after **3 February** President Macky Sall announced the **postponement** for political reasons of **the 25 February presidential election, the day before the election campaign was set to start**. **Growing calls for demonstrations from the opposition and civil society** in protest against the decision (new date of 15 December announced after a vote on a controversial bill, **eventually declared unconstitutional by the Constitutional Council 16 February**) and in demand of the organisation of the election **before the president's term in office ends 2 April**. **At least 4 dead in violence**, notably in **Dakar and Ziguinchor**. **Ongoing tension in late February** despite a lull in the security situation following the Constitutional Court's decision, the release of militants incarcerated since 2021 and the organisation of national dialogue 26 and 27 February, which was nonetheless largely **boycotted by the opposition and the main candidates**.

Chad

Pro-Russian demonstration banned by the N'Djamena authorities (10 February) - **Polish woman kidnapped in Dono Manga** (Tandjilé Region) **9 February, released** 13 February- **National trade union strike** (20-26 February), **unauthorised demonstration** (24 February) and **"dead town" day** (26 February) against the rising cost of living - **Trade union march banned in N'Djamena** (28 February) - **Sharp rise in tension in the capital** following many armed incidents: **attack on the headquarters of the intelligence department** in the night of 27 to 28 February attributed by the authorities to members of the Socialist Party Without Borders (PSF), **several killed**. **Army assault on the PSF headquarters** 28 February; **many dead** and injured, namely **Yaya Dillo, PSF leader and main opponent** of General Déby; telecommunications and mobile internet services suspended, alongside major security reinforcements in the capital (28-29 February).

March 2024

Important events in the month to come

Iran

1 March: legislative and Assembly of Expert elections - Security reinforcements and disruption likely, limited risk of tension and demonstrations during the post-election period.

Tunisia

2 March: strike action in several industries (trains, ports) and a rally in Tunis led by the UGTT confederation in protest against the stalemate in wage negotiations - Security reinforcements and renewed action possible in the coming weeks.

Pakistan

2 March: national rally organised by the PTI opposition party in the wake of the 8 February general elections - High risk of unrest and a continuation of the movement.

World

8 March: International Women's Day – Demonstrations and strikes likely in a number of countries.

10 March to 9 April: holy month of Ramadan for Muslims. Increased risk of a surge in tension and attacks, notably in the Israel-Palestine area, despite the potential conclusion of a ceasefire in the Gaza Strip.

Russia

15 to 17 March: presidential election - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected, low risk of opposition demonstrations. Potential rallies are likely to face a systematic crackdown.

India

20 March: "Bharat Jodo Nyay Yatra" campaign by the INC set to end with a mass rally in Mumbai - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected.

Maldives

17 March: legislative elections - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected, unrest should not be ruled out.

Until 2 March

Germany: national transport strike led by the Verdi trade union - Main day of action scheduled 1 March with events in all states, apart from Bavaria - Disruption likely.

Until 3 March

Papua New Guinea: ongoing fuel shortages nationwide, prior to more supplies potentially arriving 3 March - Disruption and fuel rationing to be expected at petrol stations.

United Kingdom: national environmental demonstrations staged by Extinction Rebellion (XR), notably in the City of London - Risk of unrest during protests and potential roadblocks.

1 & 2 March

Zimbabwe: national strike in the healthcare industry - Disruption affecting access to treatment and related demonstrations should be expected.

1, 2 & 5 March

United Kingdom: rail strike in London with drivers on strike on the LNER and Northern Rail lines (1 March), followed by a walkout on these lines (2 March) and strike action on the London Overground (5 March) - Disruption likely.

1 March

Afghanistan: anniversary of the destruction of statues of Buddha by the Taliban in Bamiyan (2001).

Argentina: President Javier Milei to give a speech before Congress – Rally among supporters of the president and a counter-demonstration likely, clashes should not be ruled out.

Armenia: anniversary of the crackdown on the 2008 riots – Demonstrations possible.

Austria: environmental demonstration in front of parliament in Vienna - Security reinforcements and disruption to be expected.

Belgium: trade union strike by staff at Brussel Airlines - Air traffic disruption should be expected.

Bosnia-Herzegovina: Independence Day – Celebrations likely.

Democratic Republic of the Congo: strike action led by transporters of petroleum products in Beni - Fuel supply disruption should be expected across the country.

Germany: national strike for the climate led by the Fridays for Future environmental movement - Associated demonstration in Invalidenpark in Berlin.

Germany: national strike by ground staff at Lufthansa - Flight delays to be expected, cancellations unlikely.

Iran: legislative and Assembly of Experts elections - Security reinforcements and disruption likely, risk of tension and demonstrations during the post-election period.

Indonesia: activists set to demonstrate in Surakarta, notably in protest against the results of the 14 February general elections - Security reinforcements and disruption likely.

Marshall Islands: Nuclear Victims Remembrance Day.

South Korea: Independence Movement Day (Samiljeol) – Demonstrations to be expected in Seoul.

United States: deadline to avoid a partial government shutdown - Civil servants could demonstrate in the event of a prolonged blockade.

1 March

Paraguay: Heroes' Day, commemorations likely, notably in Asunción.

Russia: funeral of opponent Alexei Navalny in Moscow - Risk of rallies among his supporters, security reinforcements to be expected, clashes should not be ruled out.

2 & 3 March

Ivory Coast: rallies by the African People's Party – Côte d'Ivoire (PPA-CI) in Karafigué and Korhogo - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected in these towns.

2 March

Australia: Sydney Mardi Gras LGBT parade – Security reinforcements and disruption likely.

Burkina Faso: anniversary of the fatal attacks by the GSIM in Ouagadougou, notably targeting French interests (2018) – High threat of jihadist attacks across the country.

Ethiopia: commemoration of the Battle of Adwa (1896) - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected.

Greece: demonstrations in Thessaloniki and Athens in protest against evictions - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected

Kenya: risk of strike action among healthcare staff in Nairobi - Disruption possible when accessing treatment, associated demonstrations should not be ruled out.

Honduras: anniversary of the assassination of Berta Cáceres, a Honduran environmental activist (2016) – Civil society demonstrations possible.

Malaysia: pro-Palestinian demonstration in Kuala Lumpur, when participants will march past the US Embassy - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected

Moldova: Transnistria War Remembrance Day (1991 - 1992) - Commemorations to be expected.

Myanmar: anniversary of the military coup by General Ne Win (1962) - Anti-junta demonstrations possible and risk of an escalation in violence.

Pakistan: national rally by the PTI opposition party in the wake of the 8 February general elections - High risk of unrest, keep away from all gatherings.

Russia: banned demonstration in Chita in memory of opponents Boris Nemtsov and Alexei Navalny - Unrest should be expected if the rally goes ahead regardless.

Tunisia: strike action in several industries (trains, ports) and a rally in Tunis led by the UGTT confederation in protest against the stalemate in wage negotiations - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected.

Zimbabwe: anniversary of the declaration of the Republic of Rhodesia.

3 March

Bulgaria: Liberation Day (1878) – Ceremonies likely across the country, notably in Sofia.

Democratic Republic of the Congo: rally in support of the armed forces of the Common Front for Youth in Kinshasa - Disruption likely.

India: demonstration and roadblocks led by activists from the Maratha community in Mumbai and related rallies in Maharashtra State - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected.

Malaysia: tributes in Kuala Lumpur among the families of the victims of flight MH370 to mark 10 years since the disappearance (8 March).

South Korea: rally by junior doctors in Seoul in the wake of the national strike launched 20 February - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected, especially when accessing healthcare.

4 to 6 March

Australia: ASEAN-Australia Special Summit to Commemorate the 50th Anniversary of their relations in Melbourne - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected.

4 March

Albania: inauguration of a NATO military base on the site of an old communist base in Kuçova - Security reinforcements should be expected.

Republic of the Congo: anniversary of the fatal explosion at a munitions depot in Brazzaville (2012) – Commemorations likely.

5 to 13 mars

China: plenary session of the National People's Congress (NPC) – Security reinforcements and disruption to be expected in Beijing.

5 March

Russia: anniversary of the death of Joseph Stalin.

United States: “Super Tuesday” primary elections to nominate the Democrat and Republican presidential candidates for the November 2024 elections - Security reinforcements and disruption should be extend in states where voting will take place.

Venezuela: anniversary of the death of former President Hugo Chávez (2013) – Demonstrations should not be ruled out.

6 to 7 March

Poland: renewed demonstrations by farmers in Warsaw - Roadblocks and disruption should be expected.

Romania: European People's Party (EPP) Congress to nominate Ursula von der Leyen as the party's lead candidate in the European elections - Security reinforcements should be expected.

6 March

Ghana: Independence Day (1957) – Celebrations likely.

Germany: Deutsche Bahn train drivers set to launch a series of strikes.

7 March

Benin: teachers set to strike nationwide - Related demonstrations should not be ruled out.

Spain: deadline for the Socialist Party and Catalan separatists to agree on the drafting of an amnesty bill - Demonstrations possible in Madrid and Catalonia if they fail to reach an agreement.

Malaysia: meeting in Kuala Lumpur between a Thai delegation and representatives from the Barisan Revolusi Nasional (BRN) rebel movement.

7 and 8 March

Germany: ground staff at Lufthansa set to strike - Air traffic disruption should be expected.

8 March

Greece: strike in the civil service - Disruption and related demonstrations should be expected.

Ireland: referendum on the reference to women in the constitution - Security reinforcements should be expected.

Italy: national strike in the energy industry - Related demonstrations and potential disruption to electricity supply should be expected.

Malaysia: anniversary of the disappearance of flight MH370 (2014) – Families of the victims could decide to gather.

Poland: commemoration of the anniversary of the student uprising and anti-Semitic purge in Warsaw (1968).

World: International Women's Day – Demonstrations and strikes likely in many countries.

10 & 17 March

China: anniversaries of the forced exile of the Dalai Lama in 1959 and the March 2008 rioting in Tibet.

10 March to 9 April (dates TBC)

World: holy month of Ramadan for Muslims.

10 March

Japan: opposition demonstration in Kyoto - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected.

Portugal: legislative elections possible - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected.

11 March

Indonesia: "Day of Silence" (Nyepi) in Bali on the occasion of the Hindu New Year - Possible closure of airports, including Denpasar.

Japan: anniversary of the tsunami and the Fukushima disaster (2011) - Commemorations likely, anti-nuclear demonstrations possible.

Lesotho: Moshoeshoe Day, commemorating the death of the founder of Lesotho (1870).

Lituania: Independence Day (1990- Ceremonies likely, specifically in Vilnius.

Spain: anniversary of the 2004 Madrid bombings - Commemorations likely.

Turkey: rallies likely, especially in Istanbul, on the anniversary of the death of Berkin Elvan, a symbol of police brutality (2014) - Incidents possible.

12 March

Austria: anniversary of the Austrian Anschluss by Germany led by Adolf Hitler (1938).

India: anniversary of the 1993 Mumbai attacks - Sectarian violence possible, including a high threat of terrorist attack in Mumbai.

Mauritius: celebrations for Independence Day, obtained from the UK in 1968 - Disruption likely.

Serbia: anniversary of the assassination of Prime Minister Zoran Djindjic (2003) - Demonstration possible in Belgrade.

14 March

Lebanon: anniversary of the first invasion of South Lebanon by Israel (Operation Litani, 1978) - Risk of anti-Israel demonstrations against a backdrop of the war in Gaza and cross-border clashes at the southern border with Israel.

New Zealand: 5th anniversary of the Christchurch mosque terrorist attack (2019) - Commemorations likely.

Portugal: journalists set to go on strike against hardship and low wages - Related demonstrations should not be ruled out, minor disruption possible.

Vietnam: anniversary of the naval battle with China over the control of the Spratly Islands in which 80 people were killed (1988) - Demonstrations likely.

15 to 17 March

Russia: presidential election - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected, low risk of opposition demonstrations. Potential rallies are likely to face a systematic crackdown.

15 March

Hungary: Memorial Day of the 1848 Revolution - Celebrations likely.

15 March

Portugal: healthcare sector strike - Disruption likely, especially when accessing treatment.

Syria: anniversary of the start of the protest movement against the regime of Bashar al-Assad (2011).

World: International Day To Combat Islamophobia - Demonstrations likely.

16 March

Latvia: Remembrance Day of the Latvian Legionnaires – Commemorations likely in Riga, rallies possible in opposition.

17 March

Ireland: St. Patrick's Day.

Kyrgyzstan: anniversary of the Aksy uprising (2002) - Commemorations and demonstrations possible.

Maldives: legislative elections - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected.

18 March

Algeria and France: anniversary of the signing of the Evian Accords recognising Algerian independence – Commemorations likely.

Taiwan: anniversary of the “Sunflower Movement” (2014) – Student demonstration possible.

Tunisia: anniversary of the attack on the Bardo National Museum (2015) – Remembrance ceremony possible in Tunis.

19 March

Libya: anniversary of the intervention by the international coalition against the regime of Colonel Muammar Gaddafi (2011) - Demonstrations possible amid poor political situation.

Russia, Ukraine: 10th anniversary of the annexation of Crimea by Russia - Demonstrations and commemorations should be expected in both countries.

20 & 21 March

Shiite World: Persian New Year (Nowruz) notably in Iran, Afghanistan, Kurdish regions of Iraq, Turkey and Syria, as well as in Central Asia – Travel disruption and security reinforcements likely, along with a risk of anti-Shiite attacks.

20 March

India: “Bharat Jodo Nyay Yatra” campaign by the INC set to end with a mass rally in Mumbai - Security reinforcements and disruption should be expected.

Iraq: anniversary of the 2003 invasion that led to the fall of Saddam Hussein – Demonstrations and commemorative events to be expected, notably in Baghdad.

Japan: anniversary of the sarin gas attack on the Tokyo subway in 1995 (13 dead and 6,300 injured).

Tunisia: Independence Day (1956) – Celebrations likely and high risk of anti-government demonstrations.

21 March

Mexico: birthday of Benito Juárez (1806) – Commemorations likely, notably in Oaxaca State on the occasion of the public holiday.

Namibia: Independence Day (1990) – Ceremonies likely, notably in Windhoek.

World: International Day for the Elimination of Racial Discrimination – Rallies likely among civil society.

22 March

Belgium: anniversary of the 2016 jihadist attacks on the international airport and metro in Brussels (32 dead) - Tributes to the victims likely.

United Kingdom: anniversary of the 2017 terrorist attack in the vicinity of the London Parliament, claimed by the Islamic State (IS) – Commemorations likely.

World: World Water Day – Environmental demonstrations likely.

23 March

Australia: Tasmania State elections - Disruption likely.

Pakistan: celebrations for “Republic Day” or “Pakistan Day” – Security reinforcements likely.

Slovakia: presidential election - Security reinforcements and disruption likely.

Syria, Iraq: 5th anniversary of the declaration made by the Arab-Kurdish forces of the end of the Islamic State (IS) “caliphate” following the capture of the Baghuz stronghold, backed by the US - Commemorations should not be ruled out.

24 to 31 March

World Christian Holy Week – Religious processions and celebrations likely among the Christian community.

24 March

Argentina: Day of Remembrance for Truth and Justice commemorating the victims of the coup and dictatorship (1976-1983) – Demonstrations likely, notably in Buenos Aires.

Kyrgyzstan: anniversary of the Tulip Revolution (2005) - Demonstrations possible in Bishkek.

Serbia: 25th anniversary of the launch of the NATO bombing campaign on Serb targets, including Belgrade - Commemorations likely, anti-NATO demonstrations should not be ruled out.

United States: anniversary of the demonstrations in support of gun control (2018) – Rallies likely across the country.

25 March

Belarus: Independence Day (1918) – Official commemorations and disruption likely.

Greece: Independence Day (1821) - Security reinforcements likely.

Bangladesh, India: Hindu festival of Holi – Disruption and security reinforcements likely, notably in New Delhi and Dhaka.

World: International Day of Remembrance of the Victims of Slavery and the Transatlantic Slave Trade - Demonstrations likely.

26 March

Algeria: anniversary of the abduction of French monks from Tibhirine (1996).

Bangladesh: Independence Day (1971) - Celebrations likely.

29 March

Chile: Day of the Young Combatant – Opposition demonstrations possible.

Philippines: anniversary of the creation of the New People's Army (NPA) – High threat of attacks.

Russia: anniversary of the 2010 twin bombings on the Moscow metro (40 dead) – Commemorations possible.

SSF Information & Analysis



Monitoring, Risk Assessment and Forecasts

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Country Profiles

Safety situation analysis according to area and type of risk for every country in the world.



PMPR

Point Mensuel des Pays à

Risques: the SSF monthly report on high-risk countries providing a calendar of notable events in the month to come.



Customised Studies

Reports and monitoring targeting a specific area, country or security issue.